



Create Opportunities

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Learning Objectives

- Review recent legislative actions impacting higher education
- Identify UBI risk areas
- Recognize potential tax and compliance risks in your institution

990 Importance – Beyond Compliance

- Publicly available
- Complement marketing for savvy donors
- Supports your continued exempt status

Polling Question

 Does your organization have an in-house tax professional?

Do you prepare your 990 and / or 990-T in house?



Priority Guidance Plan & Compliance Initiatives

2019-2020 Priority Guidance Plan & Compliance Initiatives

- Implementation of Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA)
 - Excess compensation excise tax
 - Unrelated business income reporting
 - Retroactive repeal of Code Section 512(a)(7)
 - ♦ Tax on transportation fringe benefits
 - ♦ Refund opportunities

2019-2020 Priority Guidance Plan & Compliance Initiatives

- Taxpayer First Act guidance
 - Nonprofits must file 990 series electronically
 - ♦ Calendar year organizations tax years beginning after 1/1/20
 - ♦ Fiscal year organizations tax years beginning after 7/2/19
 - ♦ NEW: Includes 990-T's
 - IRS must now notify exempt orgs before revoking taxexempt status due to failure to file for 3 years
 - ♦ Student orgs

2019-2020 Priority Guidance Plan & Compliance Initiatives

- Worker misclassification and W-2/1099 matches
 - Behavioral control
 - Financial control
 - Relationship
 - DOL Economic dependence
- Backup withholding
 - 1099 and 1042-S

State Compliance Concerns

- State nexus considerations
 - Payroll
 - Sales and use tax
 - Business registration
 - Charitable solicitation registration



Tax Relief and Reform

COVID-19 Tax Relief and Reform

- Tax credit opportunities
- Self-insured employer for unemployment purposes
- Deferral of employers portion of social security (6.2%) tax

Polling Question

Did you participate in the payroll tax holiday?

- Participated and glad we did
- Participated and wish we hadn't
- Did not participate, wish we did
- No way! Did not participate

COVID-19 Tax Relief and Reform

- CARES Act Net Operating Loss
 - Tax years 2018, 2019, 2020
 - 5 year carryback
 - Removes taxable income limitation
 - Rev. Proc. 2020-24

Excise Tax on Compensation

- An "applicable tax-exempt organization" (ATEO) is subject to a
 21% excise tax on
 - Remuneration over \$1m paid to a covered employee
 - ♦ Generally Federal taxable wages (box 1) of calendar year within fiscal year if fiscal year filer.
 - ♦ Includes 457(f)
 - Does not include amounts paid to licensed medical professionals
 - Excess parachute payments paid to a covered employee
- ATEO = your related 501(c)(3) organizations
 - Excludes governmental unit (including a state college or university)
 without an IRS determination letter

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Excess Parachute Payments

- Compensatory payment to a covered employee if:
 - The payment is contingent on an employee separation from employment with the employer and
 - Aggregate present value of the payment exceeds three times the base amount, which is the average annual compensation over the preceding 5-years
- Notice 2019-9
 - Payment is deemed to be a parachute payment only if the payment is contingent on involuntary separation from service



Reporting the Excise Tax

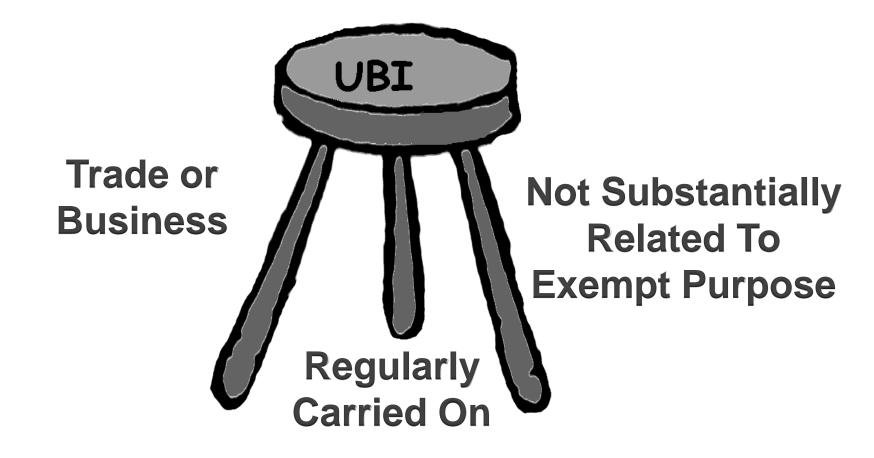
- Additional filing (Form 4720) is required
- Same due date as Form 990
 - Separate extension is required
- Potential tax liability must be paid with extension

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Unrelated Business Income Tax and Tax Reform

UBI Defined – IRC § 512(a)(1)



Polling Question

- Which of these common UBI activities is the most significant to your campus?
 - Advertising
 - Partnership investments
 - Public usage of facilities
 - UBI is not a risk

Unrelated Business Income

Potential Sources of UBI

- Advertising (qualified sponsorship payments are not UBI)
- Exclusivity contract
 - Exclusive sponsor vs. exclusive provider
- Alternative investments (Partnerships and S-Corp interests)
- Laboratory revenue, drug trials, clinical studies
 - Public vs. proprietary purpose
- Fitness centers, ice rinks, swimming pools, golf courses, cafeteria, childcare, etc.
- Royalties and personal property or mixed rental income

Advertising vs. Qualified Sponsorship





Unrelated Business Income Considerations

- Tracking public revenue separately
- Allocating expenses in mixed use activities
- Direct versus indirect costs
- Allocation methodology
- Reviewing business activities with continual losses
- UBI is not always bad, budget for the tax

UBI Separate Line of Business



- UBTI is computed separately for each business
- No longer aggregate activities to arrive at taxable income
- Notice 2018-67
 - Reasonable, good faith interpretation must be used until additional guidance is issued
 - Use of NAICS codes, proposed regulations released 4/23/20
 - ♦ 2 Digit NAICS codes instead of 6 digit codes
 - Only report each code once

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2020/04/24/2020-06604/unrelated-business-taxable-income-separately-computed-for-each-trade-or-business

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Notice 2018-67 – Partnership Investments

- Interim guidance for aggregating UBTI from partnerships
 - De minimis test EO holds no more than 2% of partnership profits and capital interest, combining all related interests or
 - Control test EO holds no more than 20% of the partnership capital interest <u>and</u> does not have control or influence over the partnership, combining all related interests
 - Related interests includes: interests held by disqualified persons, supporting organization, or controlled entity
 - Proposed regulations
 - ♦ 2 digit NAICS code application does not apply to investments
 - ♦ No new guidance on control tests



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Net Operating Losses (Pre-COVID Changes)

- Post-December 31, 2017 NOLs (tax years beginning after 12/31/17)
 - Cannot be carried back to prior years
 - May be carried forward indefinitely
 - May only be applied against the same unrelated activity that generated the losses
 - NOLs limited to 80% of income
- Pre-January 1, 2018 NOLs
 - Apply to the combined net taxable income
 - Carryback and carryover provisions apply
 - Deferred tax asset





Tax and Compliance Risk areas

Penalty Risks

- Late filing/incomplete return penalties
 - "Large" Exempt org (annual gross receipts greater than \$1,000,000)
 - ♦ \$100 per day up to \$50,000
- Abatable
 - Requires explanation of reasonable cause



Tax Risk Areas

- Compensation Reporting (related 501(c)(3)'s)
 - Does is appear reasonable? How was it determined?
 - Compensation in excess of \$1,000,000 or spike in reported comp
- Education
 - Fundraising teams
 - Athletic departments
- Foreign Accounts / Transactions
 - Foreign bank accounts / investments
 - Operational activities abroad
 - Foreign grantees / payees (nonresident aliens)

What should you be on the lookout for?

- Political or Lobbying Activities
- Frequency of fundraising events held by related 501(c)(3)'s
- Benefits provided to employees not included in compensation
 - Gift cards
 - Department attire (i.e. coaches, grounds crew, etc.)
 - Housing, janitorial, catering
- Payments to foreign individuals
 - Students
 - Contractors
 - Employees

What can you do to assess tax and compliance risk?

- Monitor new revenue streams and/or perform a UBI assessment
- Identify and train staff that have potential to generate UBI
 - Education outside of finance (development, athletics, marketing, etc.)
- Review contracts for potential UBI
 - Sponsorships, royalties, advertising, etc.
- Establish a system to flag payments to nonresident aliens
- Review independent contractor contracts for services to identify potential employment relationships
- Identify foreign activities and related risks including nexus, employment and labor law, import and export



Questions



